

**AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS**

**This listing of claims will replace all prior versions and listings of claims in the application:**

**LISTING OF CLAIMS:**

1. (original): A silver halide color photographic lightsensitive material comprising a support and, superimposed thereon, at least one blue-sensitive silver halide emulsion layer, green-sensitive silver halide emulsion layer, red-sensitive silver halide emulsion layer and protective layer, which silver halide color photographic lightsensitive material contains at least one compound capable of increasing photographic speed, the compound having at least three heteroatoms in its molecule, and wherein at least one layer of the silver halide emulsion layers comprises an emulsion, the emulsion consisting of a photosensitive silver halide emulsion wherein 50% or more in number of all the silver halide grains are occupied by tabular grains having (111) faces as main planes, the tabular grains: (i) composed of silver iodobromide or silver chloriodobromide; (ii) having an equivalent circle diameter of 1.0  $\mu\text{m}$  or more and a thickness of 0.15  $\mu\text{m}$  or less; and (iii) composed of core portions of 0.1  $\mu\text{m}$  or less thickness free of growth ring structure and composed of silver iodobromide and shell portions having ten or more dislocation lines.

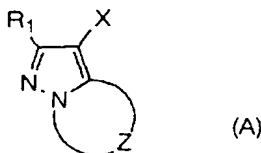
2. (original): The silver halide color photographic lightsensitive material according to claim 1, wherein the sum of protective layer thicknesses is 3  $\mu\text{m}$  or less.

3. (original): The silver halide color photographic lightsensitive material according to claim 1, wherein the compound capable of increasing photographic speed, the compound having at least three heteroatoms in its molecule, is a 1,3,4,6-tetraazaindene compound.

4. (original): The silver halide color photographic lightsensitive material according to claim 2, wherein the compound capable of increasing photographic speed, the compound having at least three heteroatoms in its molecule, is a 1,3,4,6-tetraazaindene compound.

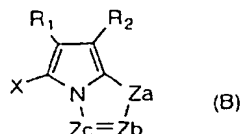
5. (currently amended): The silver halide color photographic lightsensitive material according to claim 1, wherein the compound capable of increasing photographic speed, the compound having at least three heteroatoms in its molecule, is represented by the following general formula (A) or general formula (B)[[.]]:

General Formula (A)



~~In~~ in the general formula (A), R<sub>1</sub> represents a hydrogen atom or a ~~substituent~~ substituent, Z represents a nonmetallic atom group required for forming a 5-membered azole ring containing 2 to 4 nitrogen atoms. ~~The atoms, where the~~ the azole ring may have a substituent, including ~~(including a condensed ring) ring, and~~ X represents a hydrogen atom or a ~~substituent~~ substituent;

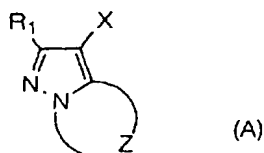
General formula (B)



~~In~~ in the general formula (B), Za represents -NH- or ~~CH(R<sub>3</sub>)~~. ~~Each~~ CH(R<sub>3</sub>), each of Zb and Zc independently represents -C(R<sub>4</sub>)= or ~~N=~~. ~~Each~~ N=, each of R<sub>1</sub>, R<sub>2</sub> and R<sub>3</sub> independently represents an electron withdrawing group whose Hammett substituent constant  $\sigma$  value is in the range of 0.2 to ~~1.0~~ 1.0, R<sub>4</sub> represents a hydrogen atom or a substituent, provided that when there are two R<sub>4</sub>s in the formula, the two R<sub>4</sub>s may be identical with or different from each ~~other~~ other, and X represents a hydrogen atom or a substituent.

6. (currently amended): The silver halide color photographic lightsensitive material according to claim 2, wherein the compound capable of increasing photographic speed, the compound having at least three heteroatoms in its molecule, is represented by the following general formula (A) or general formula (B)[[.]]:

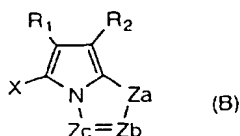
General Formula (A)



~~In~~ in the general formula (A), R<sub>1</sub> represents a hydrogen atom or a ~~substituent~~ substituent, Z represents a nonmetallic atom group required for forming a 5-membered azole ring containing

2 to 4 nitrogen atoms. ~~The atoms, where the~~ azole ring may have a substituent, including  
(~~including a condensed ring~~). ring, and X represents a hydrogen atom or a ~~substituent~~  
substituent;

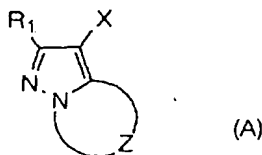
General formula (B)



~~In in~~ the general formula (B), Za represents -NH- or ~~-CH(R3)-~~. ~~Each -CH(R3)-, each of~~  
Zb and Zc independently represents -C(R4)= or ~~N=~~. ~~Each -N=, each~~ of R1, R2 and R3  
independently represents an electron withdrawing group whose Hammett substituent constant  $\sigma$   
value is in the range of 0.2 to 1.0. 1.0, R4 represents a hydrogen atom or a substituent, provided  
that when there are two R4s in the formula, the two R4s may be identical with or different from  
each ~~other~~. other, and X represents a hydrogen atom or a substituent.

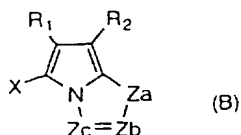
7. (currently amended): The silver halide color photographic lightsensitive material  
according to claim 3, wherein the compound capable of increasing photographic speed, the  
compound having at least three heteroatoms in its molecule, is represented by the following  
general formula (A) or general formula (B)[[.]]:

General Formula (A)



~~In~~in the general formula (A), R<sub>1</sub> represents a hydrogen atom or a ~~substituent~~substituent, Z represents a nonmetallic atom group required for forming a 5-membered azole ring containing 2 to 4 nitrogen atoms. ~~The atoms, where the~~ azole ring may have a substituent, including ~~(including a condensed ring)-ring, and~~ X represents a hydrogen atom or a ~~substituent~~substituent.

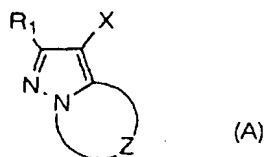
General formula (B)



~~In~~in the general formula (B), Za represents -NH- or ~~CH(R<sub>3</sub>)~~. ~~Each~~ CH(R<sub>3</sub>), each of Zb and Zc independently represents -C(R<sub>4</sub>)= or ~~N=~~. ~~Each~~ N=, each of R<sub>1</sub>, R<sub>2</sub> and R<sub>3</sub> independently represents an electron withdrawing group whose Hammett substituent constant  $\sigma$ p value is in the range of 0.2 to ~~1.0~~ 1.0. R<sub>4</sub> represents a hydrogen atom or a substituent, provided that when there are two R<sub>4</sub>s in the formula, the two R<sub>4</sub>s may be identical with or different from each ~~other~~other, and X represents a hydrogen atom or a substituent.

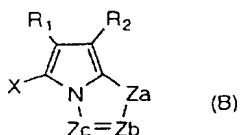
8. (currently amended): The silver halide color photographic lightsensitive material according to claim 4, wherein the compound capable of increasing photographic speed, the compound having at least three heteroatoms in its molecule, is represented by the following general formula (A) or general formula (B)[[.]]:

General Formula (A)



~~In~~ in the general formula (A), R<sub>1</sub> represents a hydrogen atom or a ~~substituent~~ substituent. Z represents a nonmetallic atom group required for forming a 5-membered azole ring containing 2 to 4 nitrogen atoms. ~~The atoms, where the~~ the azole ring may have a substituent, including ~~(including a condensed ring) ring, and~~ X represents a hydrogen atom or a ~~substituent~~ substituent.

General formula (B)



~~In~~ in the general formula (B), Z<sub>a</sub> represents -NH- or ~~CH(R<sub>3</sub>)~~. ~~Each~~ CH(R<sub>3</sub>), each of Z<sub>b</sub> and Z<sub>c</sub> independently represents -C(R<sub>4</sub>)= or -N=. ~~Each~~ N=, each of R<sub>1</sub>, R<sub>2</sub> and R<sub>3</sub> independently represents an electron withdrawing group whose Hammett substituent constant σ<sub>p</sub> value is in the range of 0.2 to ~~1.0~~ 1.0, R<sub>4</sub> represents a hydrogen atom or a substituent, provided that when there are two R<sub>4</sub>s in the formula, the two R<sub>4</sub>s may be identical with or different from each ~~other~~ other, and X represents a hydrogen atom or a substituent.